

Mark Scheme (Results)

November 2020

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In Accounting (4AC1)

Paper 1R: Introduction to Bookkeeping and Accounting

Edexcel and BTEC Qualifications

Edexcel and BTEC qualifications are awarded by Pearson, the UK's largest awarding body. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers. For further information visit our qualifications websites at www.btec.co.uk. Alternatively, you can get in touch with us using the details on our contact us page at www.edexcel.com/contactus.

Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Pearson aspires to be the world's leading learning company. Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: www.pearson.com/uk

Autumn 2020
Publications Code 4AC1_01R_2011_MS
All the material in this publication is copyright
© Pearson Education Ltd 2020

General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners
 must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they
 mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded.
 Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.

| Question Number | Answer | Mark |
|--------------------|--|------|
| | Award 1 mark as indicated for each question. | |
| 1 | The only correct answer is B - Discount received | |
| | A is not correct because Discount allowed always has a debit balance | |
| | C is not correct because Purchases always has a debit balance | |
| | D is not correct because Sales returns always has a debit balance | (1) |
| 2 | The only correct answer is D - Money measurement | |
| | A is not correct because Business entity does not apply | |
| | B is not correct because Consistency does not apply | |
| | C is not correct because Materiality does not apply | (1) |
| 3 | The only correct answer is B - Consistency | |
| | A is not correct because Accruals does not apply | |
| | C is not correct because Materiality does not apply | |
| | D is not correct because Prudence does not apply | (1) |
| 4 | The only correct answer is C – Capital – liabilities = assets | |
| | A is not correct because the statement of financial position would still balance | |
| | B is not correct because the statement of financial position would still balance | |
| | D is not correct because the statement of financial position would still balance | (1) |
| 5 | The only correct answer is B - Journal | |
| | A is not correct because all error corrections are always made in the journal | |
| | C is not correct because all error corrections are always made in the journal | |
| | D is not correct because all error corrections are always made in the journal | (1) |

| 6 | The only correct answer is D - Statement | |
|---|--|-----|
| | A is not correct because a credit note notifies details of returned goods | |
| | B is not correct because a debit note is a request for a credit note | |
| | C is not correct because an invoice gives details of goods purchased | (1) |
| 7 | The only correct answer is C Interest charged by supplier | |
| | A is not correct because discounts received would be entered on the debit side | |
| | B is not correct because a contra would be entered on the debit side | |
| | D is not correct because purchase returns would be entered on the debit side | (1) |
| 8 | The only correct answer is C - Current assets – Other receivables | |
| | A is not correct because payments in advance are not payables | |
| | B is not correct because payments in advance are not payables | |
| | D is not correct because Payments in advance are not liabilities | (1) |
| 9 | The only correct answer is B - Receipt of a cheque from Jones, \$56, entered in the account of James as \$65 | |
| | A is not correct because an error of omission is not disclosed | |
| | C is not correct because due to the same amount on both sides, the trial balance would still balance | |
| | D is not correct because a compensating error would not be disclosed | (1) |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |

| 10 | The only correct answer is A | |
|----|---|-----|
| | Debit Credit Discount allowed \$30 Suspense \$60 Discount received \$30 | |
| | B is not correct because no adjustment has been made to discount allowed | |
| | C is not correct because discount allowed must be debited | |
| | D is not correct because discount allowed and discount received must be debited | (1) |

| Question Number | Ans | swer | | | | Mark |
|--------------------|-----|---|-----------|---------------------------------|------------------|------|
| 11 | | | Award mai | ks as indic | ated. | |
| | | | Cre | dit Note | | |
| | | | 42 E | Traders Bell Road Cardiff | | |
| | | | CI | 45 2BB | | |
| | | MaDair | | No. 6214 | | |
| | | McBain Harrow House London E14 1A | A | Date 3 Apr | ril 2020 | |
| | | Description | Quantity | Unit cost \$ | Total cost \$ | |
| | | Games | 16 | 8.50 | 136.00 (1) | |
| | | Batteries | 112 | 0.75 | 84.00 (1) | |
| | | Subtotal | | | 220.00 (1) | |
| | | Trade discoun | t 20% | | 44.00 (1) | |
| | | Total | | | 176.00 (1) | |
| | | | | | | (5) |

| Question | Answer | | | | | Mark |
|----------|--------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------------|---|------|
| Number | | | | | | |
| 12 | Award | marks as indicated. | | | | |
| | | Item | Capital expenditure | Revenue expenditure | | |
| | | Vehicle cost | √ (1) | | | |
| | | Delivery cost | √ (1) | | | |
| | | Insurance | | √ (1) | | |
| | | Additional shelving | √ (1) | | | |
| | | Fuel | | √ (1) | | |
| | | | | | - | (5) |

| Question Number | Answer | | | | Mark |
|--------------------|---------------|---|-------------------|------------------|------|
| 13 (a) | | for each correct entry. for correct narrative. | | | |
| | | Journal | | | |
| | Date | Details | Debit | Credit | |
| | | | \$ | \$ | |
| | 30 April 2020 | Irrecoverable debts | 1 600 (1) | | |
| | | Trade receivables ledger control account | | 1 600 (1) | |
| | | Being the write-off of an irrec | overable debt (1) | | |
| | | | | | (3) |

| Question | Answer | Mark |
|----------|---|------|
| Number | | |
| 13 (b) | Award marks as indicated | |
| | \$56 600 (1) x 5% = \$2 830 (1of) | (2) |

| Question Number | Answer | | | Mark |
|--------------------|---|-----------------------|--|------|
| 14 (a) | Award marks as inc | licated. | | |
| | Transaction | Source document | Book of original entry | |
| | Sold goods | Sales invoice (1) | Sales day book (1) | |
| | Received payment from customer | Remittance advice (1) | Cash book (1) | |
| | Purchased a non-current asset on credit | Purchase invoice (1) | Journal (1) | |
| | | , | <u>, </u> | (6) |

| Question Number | Answer | | | | | | Mark | |
|--------------------|-------------|-------------------------|---------------|------------|------------------|------------------|------|--|
| 14 (b) (i) | Award n | narks for each corr | ect date, de | etails and | l amounts in con | nbination. | | |
| | Jay Account | | | | | | | |
| | Date | Details | \$ | Date | Details | \$ | | |
| | 2020 | Purchases | 38 (1) | 2020 | | | | |
| | Mar 8 | returns day book | | Mar 1 | Balance b/d | 1 250 (1) | | |
| | 23 | Cash book | 1 225 | 3 | Purchases day | | | |
| | | | (1of) | | book | 615 (1) | | |
| | 23 | Cash book / discount | 25 (1) | | | | | |
| | | received | (, , | | | | | |
| | 31 | Balance c/d | 577 | | | | | |
| | | | 1 865 | | | 1 865 | | |
| | | | | Apr 1 | Balance b/d | 577 | | |
| | | | | | | (1of) | | |

| Question | Answer | | | Mark |
|-------------|---------|--------------------|--------------|------|
| Number | | | | |
| 14 (b) (ii) | Award 1 | mark as indicated. | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Nominal ledger | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Receivables ledger | | |
| | | | | |
| | | Payables ledger | √ (1) | |
| | | | | (1) |
| | | | | |

| Question | Answer | Mark |
|------------|--|------|
| Number | | |
| 14 (c) (i) | Award 1 mark as indicated. | |
| | | (1) |
| | Loyalty/bulk purchases/businesses in the same trade (1). | |

| Question | Answer | Mark |
|-------------|----------------------------|------|
| Number | | |
| 14 (c) (ii) | Award 1 mark as indicated. | |
| | | (1) |
| | Prompt payment (1). | |

| Question Number | Answer | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|--------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------|----------|-------------|----------|------|----------------|
| 5 (a) | Award | marks for each | correct date, d | letails and | d amount | s in com | bination. | | | |
| | | | | | Cash l | Book | | | | |
| | Date | Details | Discount | Cash | Bank | Date | Details | Discount | Cash | Bank |
| | 2020 | | allowed | \$ | \$ | 2020 | | received | \$ | \$ |
| | | | \$ | | | | | \$ | | |
| | Apr 1 | Balance b/d | | 85 (1) | | Apr 1 | Balance b/d | | | 540 (1) |
| | 8 | Cash sales | | 855 (1) | | 4 | Flolite | 12 | | 388 (1) |
| | | | | | | | | (1) | | |
| | 14 | Bank | | | 900 | 14 | Cash | | 900 | |
| | | | | | (1) | | | | (1) | |
| | 24 | Kai | 15 | | 735 | 16 | Stationery | | 26 | |
| | | | (1) | | (1) | | | | (1) | |
| | 30 | Balance c/d | | | 311 | 29 | Wages | | | 418 (1) |
| | | | | | | 30 | Electricity | | | 600 (1) |
| | | | | | | | Balance c/d | | 14 | |
| | | | 15 | 940 | 1 946 | | | 12 | 940 | 1 946 |
| | May 1 | Balance b/d | | 14 | | May 1 | Balance b/d | | | 311 |
| | | | | (1of) | | | | | | (1of) |

| Question | Answer | Mark |
|----------|---------------------------|------|
| number | | |
| 15 (b) | Award 1 mark as indicated | |
| | Liability (1of) | (1) |

| Question Number | Answer | | | | | | Mar |
|--------------------|-----------------------|----------------|---------|--------|-------------------------|-----------|-----|
| 16 (a) | Award 1 i and deta | ils. | _ | | d plus 1 mark for corre | ect dates | |
| | Date | Details | \$ | Date | Details | \$ | |
| | 2019 | Balance b/d | 92 130 | 2020 | Cash book / Discount | 4 880 | |
| | Apr 1 | | (1) | Mar 31 | allowed | (1) | |
| | 2020 | Sales day book | 564 270 | | Journal / | 2 600 | |
| | Mar 31 | | (1) | | Irrecoverable debts | (1) | |
| | | Cash book | 1 560 | | Journal /Set-off | 1 290 | |
| | | | (1) | | | (1) | |
| | | | | | Cash book | 542 730 | |
| | | | | | | (1) | |
| | | | | | Sales returns day | 3 450 | |
| | | | | | book | (1) | |
| | | | | | Balance c/d | 103 010 | |
| | | | 657 960 | | | 657 960 | |
| | Apr 1 | Balance b/d | 103 010 | | | | |
| | | | (1of) | | | | (10 |

| Question | Answer | Mark |
|----------|--|------|
| Number | | |
| 16 (b) | Award up to 2 marks for each benefit and 1 mark for a conclusion. | |
| | For example | |
| | It saves time in the preparation of financial statements (1) because it provides a total trade receivables figure (1). | |
| | Provides an internal check to detect / prevent fraud (1) as the control account is maintained by a different person (1). | |
| | Overall, it is beneficial for a business to maintain a trade receivables ledger control | |
| | account (1). | (5) |
| | Accept any other appropriate responses. | |

| Question Number | Answer | | | Mark | | | | |
|--------------------|--|-------------|--------------|------|--|--|--|--|
| 17 (a) | Award 1 mark for each correct pair of figures. | | | | | | | |
| | Account | Trial ba | lance | | | | | |
| | | Debit \$ | Credit \$ | | | | | |
| | Bank loan | · | 2 000 | | | | | |
| | Bank overdraft | | 160 | | | | | |
| | Carriage outwards | 650 | | | | | | |
| | Discount received | | 190 | | | | | |
| | Drawings | 5 130 | | | | | | |
| | Equity | | 19 500 | | | | | |
| | Fixtures and fittings - cost | 24 400 | | | | | | |
| | - provision for depreciation | 46.070 | 6 350 | | | | | |
| | General expenses | 16 870 | | | | | | |
| | Inventory at 1 April 2019 | 18 750 | | | | | | |
| | Provision for irrecoverable debts | | 300 | | | | | |
| | Purchases | 42 630 | | | | | | |
| | Returns inwards | 2 580 | | | | | | |
| | Revenue | | 88 320 | | | | | |
| | Trade payables ledger control account | | 5 230 | | | | | |
| | Trade receivables ledger control account | 11 040 | | | | | | |
| | Totals | 122 050 | 122 050 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| Question | Answer | Mark |
|----------|--------------------------|------|
| Number | | |
| 17 (b) | Award marks as indicated | |
| | | |
| | Type of error | |
| | Principle (1) | |
| | Commission (1) | |
| | | (2) |
| | | (2) |

| Question | Answer | Mark |
|----------|---|------|
| Number | | |
| 17 (c) | Award 1 mark as indicated. | |
| | Speed / accuracy (1) | (4) |
| | Accept any other appropriate responses. | (1) |

| Question | Answer | Mark |
|----------|---------------------------|------|
| Number | | |
| 17 (d) | Award marks as indicated. | |
| | Passwords (1) | |
| | Firewalls (1) | (2) |
| | | |

| Answer | Mark |
|--|--|
| | |
| Award marks as indicated. | |
| A public sector organisation aims to provide a service to the public (1) whereas a private sector organisation aims to make profit (1) . | |
| Accept any other appropriate responses. | (2) |
| | Award marks as indicated. A public sector organisation aims to provide a service to the public (1) whereas a private sector organisation aims to make profit (1). |

| Question | Answer | Mark |
|----------|----------------------------|------|
| Number | | |
| 18 (a) | Award 1 mark as indicated. | |
| | \$1 680 (1) | (1) |

| Question Number | Answer | | | | | | Mark | | | |
|--------------------|--|----------------|-------------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------|------|--|--|--|
| 18 (b) | Award 1 r | | rect figure | as indica | ted plus 1 mark for o | correct | | | | |
| | Provision for Depreciation – Machinery Account | | | | | | | | | |
| | Date | Details | \$ | Date | Details | \$ | | | | |
| | 2019 | Asset disposal | 1 680 | 2019 | Balance b/d | 9 000 (1) | | | | |
| | June 30 | | (1of) | Jan 1 | | | | | | |
| | Dec 31 | Balance c/d | 10 080 | Dec 31 | Income statement | 2 760 | | | | |
| | | | | | | (1) | | | | |
| | | | 11 760 | | | 11 760 | | | | |
| | | | | 2020 | Balance b/d | 10 080 | | | | |
| | | | | Jan 1 | | (1of) | | | | |
| | | | 1 | - | l | | (5 | | | |

| Question Number | Answer | | | | | | Mark |
|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|------------|--------------------|-------|------|
| 18 (c) | Award ma | arks for each correct d | ate, deta | ils and am | ounts in combinati | on. | |
| | Asset Disposal Account | | | | | | |
| | Date | Details | \$ | Date | Details | \$ | |
| | 2019 | Machinery – cost / | 4 200 | 2019 | Provision for | 1 680 | |
| | June 30 | Journal | (1) | June 30 | depreciation | (1of) | |
| | | | | | - machinery | | |
| | | | | June 30 | Cash book | 2 000 | |
| | | | | | | (1) | |
| | | | | Dec 31 | Income statement | 520 | |
| | | | | | | (1of) | |
| | | | 4.005 | | | 1.005 | |
| | | | 4 200 | | | 4 200 | |
| | | | | | | | (4) |

| Question Number | Answer | Mark |
|--------------------|---|------|
| 18 (d) | Award 2 marks for comments related to the effect on income statement and 2 marks for the effect on the statement of financial position. Award 1 mark for conclusion. | |
| | For example | |
| | Changing the depreciation method to reducing balance will reduce the charge for depreciation (1) which will result in a higher profit for the year (1). The change will result in the carrying value of machinery being higher (1) and therefore the net asset value also being higher (1). Overall, the change will be beneficial but must adhere to the consistency concept (1). | |
| | | (5) |
| | Accept any other appropriate responses. | |

